Making Writing Easy with Guided Writing

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- υ Myths about writing
- υ Common problems / common solutions
- υ Guided writing
- υ Lesson walkthrough

υ Wrap up





- υ You can learn writing skills by reading lots of texts.
- υ Writing often will help you develop good writing skills.
- υ To write well, you need good ideas before you start.
- υ Good writing looks the same for everyone.





Common Writing Problems

- υ General challenges
 - υ Structure / organization
 - υ Opening and closing sentences
 - υ Tone
 - υ Logical progression and flow "What next?"
- υ Writing challenges for ESL learners
 - $_{\upsilon}$ Word order in sentences (syntax)
 - υ Limited vocabulary



How can teachers help?

- υ English organizational logic may be different from my L1
- υ Difficulty generalizing rules from spot correction



- υ The writing process
- υ Is it useful? Why or why not?









Teaching Writing

My Monster

Let me tell you about my monster.

It is tall and thin.

It has one eye, one nose, and two mouths.

It has short arms and long legs.

My monster is happy!

A good model

Why?



Guided Writing

 υ A way of teaching the writing process using model texts

- υ Students analyze the model texts.
- υ use the models to learn the rules of good writing
- v Write their own essays following these rules
- υ Teachers guide students through each step.
 - υ explain and discuss why each step is important
- υ Students receive constant feedback and input
 - υ from the teacher and each other



How does guided writing help students?

- v makes each step of the writing process
 clear and easy to understand
- v gives students the tools they need to
 write well
- υ helps students:
 - $\boldsymbol{\upsilon}$ identify good and bad writing
 - $\boldsymbol{\upsilon}$ concrete examples vs. abstract explanation
 - v improve weaknesses through constant feedback
 - v visualize their progress across multiple
 drafts





- Over time, students develop a schema (mental map) of what good writing lo oks like.
- Independently produce good writing







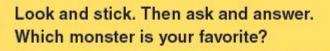


Independent Writers!











• uiz Who is it? Find and circle.



Get Ready

It has one eye, one nose, and two mouths. It has short arms and long legs.



- υ Introduce the topic
- υ Grab the students' attention



- υ increases students' interest in the writing task
- $\boldsymbol{\upsilon}$ gives them a chance to brainstorm ideas
- v Students practice the language they will need for their writing.
 - υ expands students' vocabulary
 - υ prepares them to write well



Essay: a piece of writing that gives information about a subject

What are we going to do? We're going to tell readers about our favorite monster.



Look and stick. Then ask and answer. Which monster is your favorite?



UIZ Who is it? Find and circle.



Get Ready

It has one eye, one nose, and two mouths. It has short arms and long legs.

NE_Build & Grow



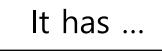


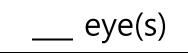
My favorite monster is the <u>green</u> monster/one.

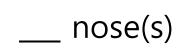
> It has ... It has ...

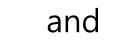
Monster guessing game













Physical features

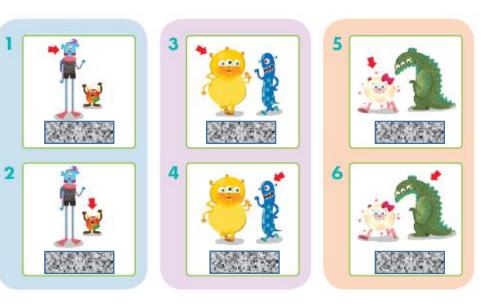
For each picture answer

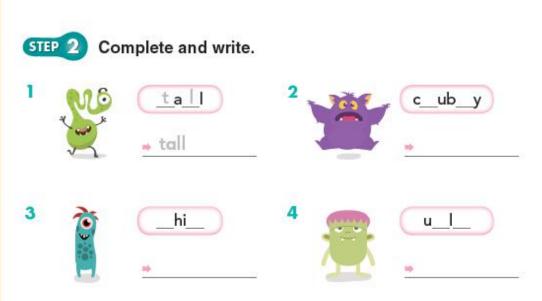
1. How are they different?

2. Compared to this monster, this other monster is...

Vocabulary







NE_Build & Grow

17

Writing game: Write the word. Then call it out.



chubby







ugly



thin



short





Recognition game: Draw the monster.



υ Remember!



- Composition is a skill that has to be learned, just like grammar, spelling, or punctuation.
- υ Give examples!
 - υ Start with a good model.
 - υ Show bad models to help identify mistakes.
- υ Scaffolding and modeling must be explained.
 - v Not only "Look and do," but also "What do you see?" and "Why is that good?/Why is that bad?"







STEP 1

Read about Emily's imaginary monster.

My Monster

Let me tell you about my monster.

It is tall and thin.

It has one eye, one nose, and two mouths.

It has short arms and long legs.



My monster is happy!



Content Analysis

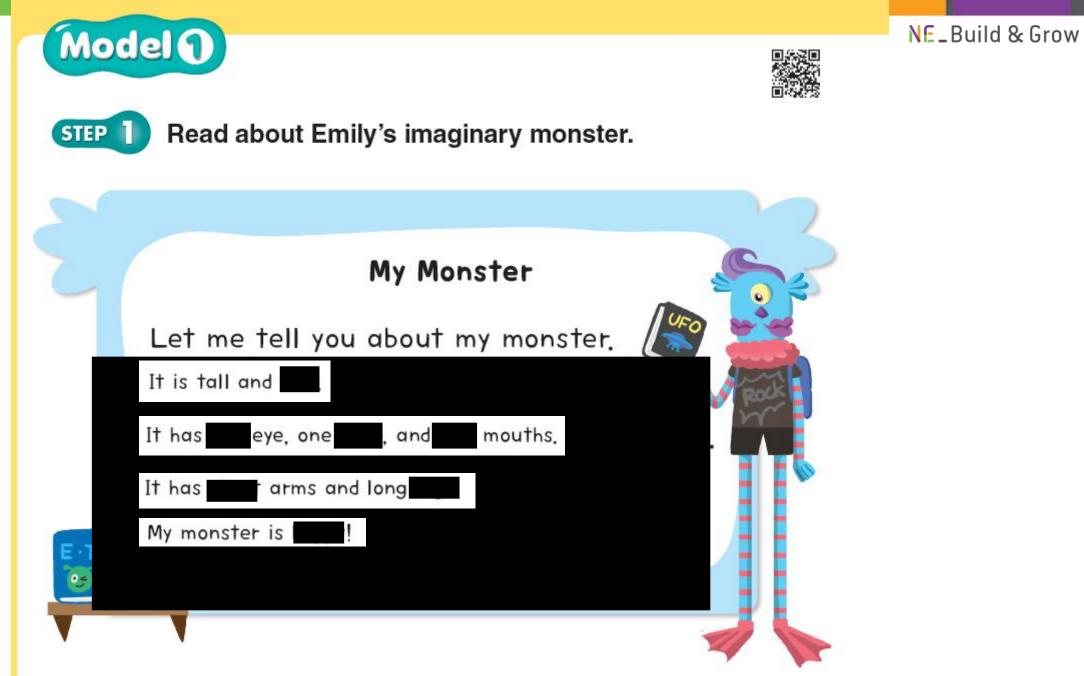


Emily's monster is thin.

2 Emily's monster has two eyes.

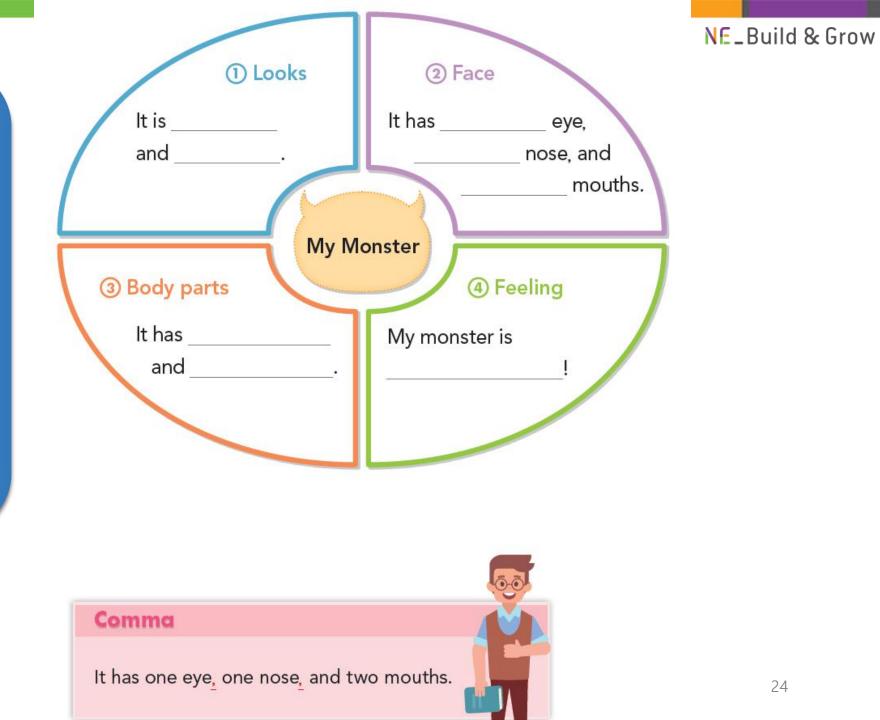
3 Emily's monster is angry.

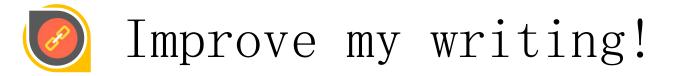




Structural Analysis

- Explain Organization
- Why do you think the writer made this choice?
- What if the writer did it a different way?





My Monster

Let me tell you about my monster.

My monster is angry!

It is thin and chubby.

It has three eyes one nose and one mouth. It has long arms and short legs.

My Monster

Let me tell you about my monster.

It is short and chubby.

It has three eyes, one nose, and one mouth.

It has long arms and short legs.

My monster is angry!

- The monster's feelings should go at the end.
- The monster can't be thin and chubby.
- The sentence is missing three commas.



STEP 1) Choose one for each question.

 1 Looks chubby and cute short and ugly three eyes, no nose, and one mouth two eyes, two noses, and no mouth My Monster 3 Body parts big hands and small feet long arms and short legs Step 2 					
My Monster					
Let me tell you about my monster. It is ①					
It has 🗵					
It has <u>3</u>	·				
My monster is	!				

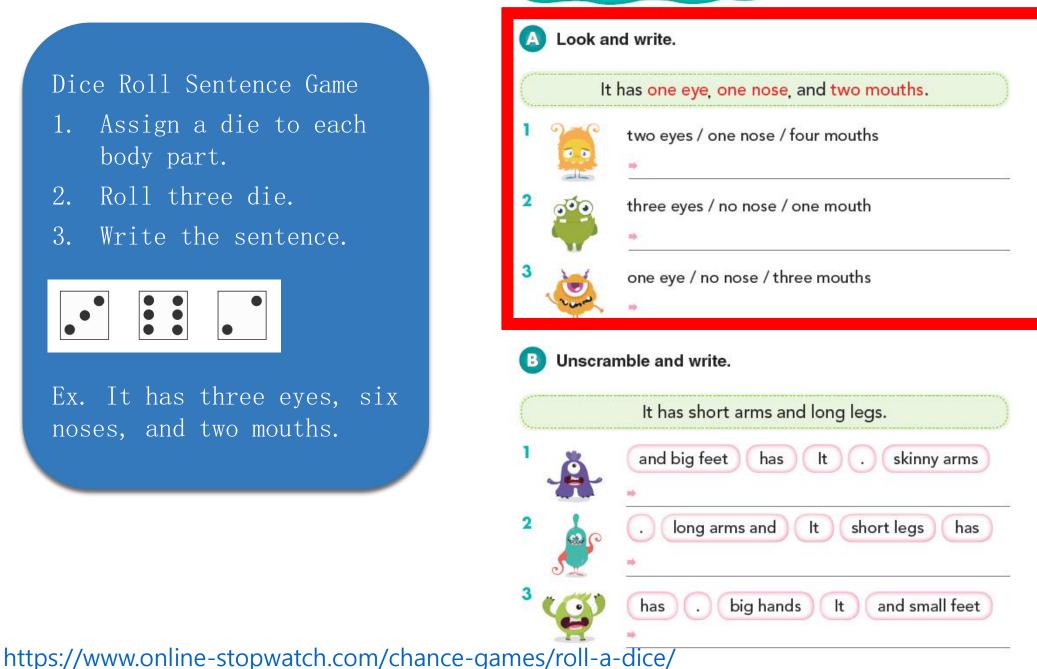
Dice Roll Sentence Game

- Assign a die to each body part.
- Roll three die. 2.
- Write the sentence. 3.



Ex. It has three eyes, six noses, and two mouths.

Sentence Practice

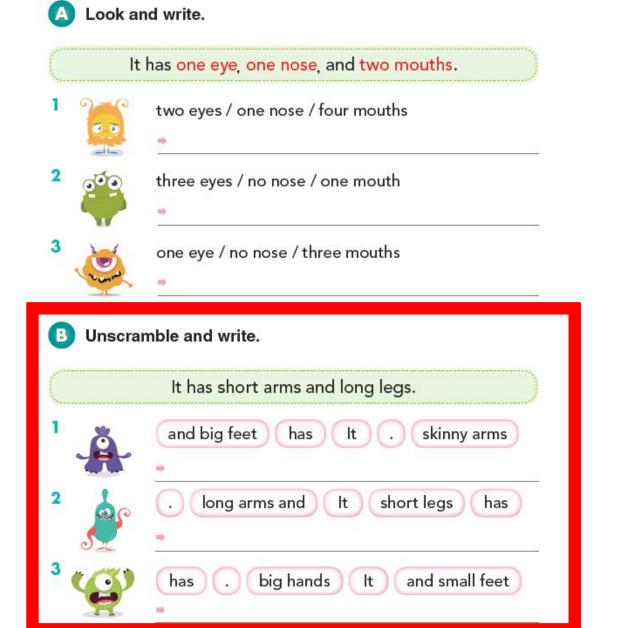


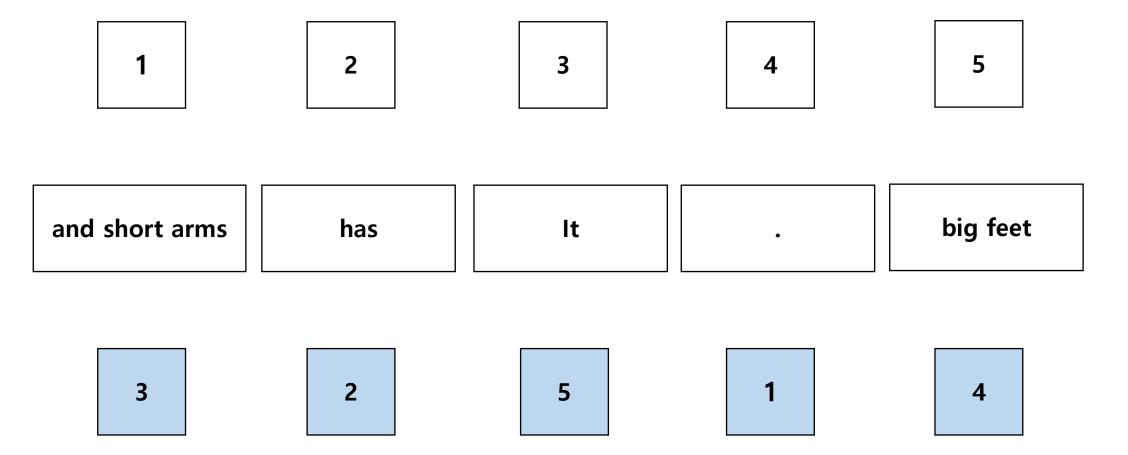
Sentence Practice

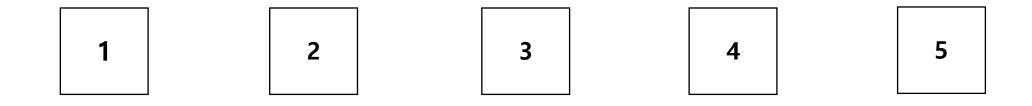
NE_Build & Grow

Unscramble Number Game

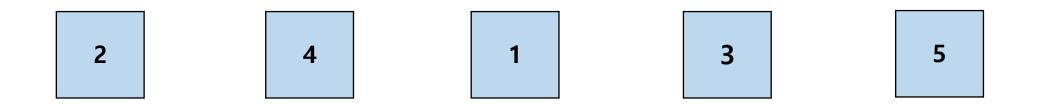
- 1. Make 4-6 sentences.
- 2. Chop each sentence up into 5 segments.
- 3. Assign a number to each segment at random.
- 4. Have students write the numbers in the correct order to unscramble the sentence.

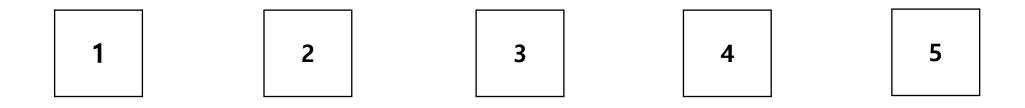






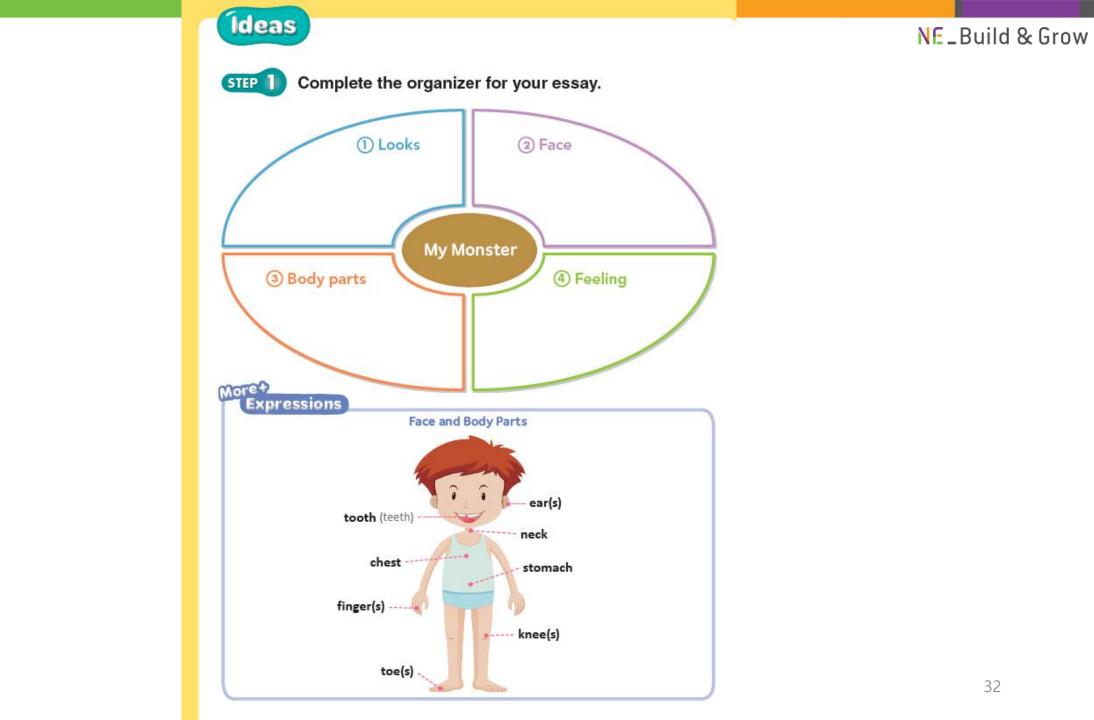






has	•	and big legs	skinny arms	lt
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5	1	4	3	2



After analyzing the model text, brainstorming ideas, and drilling grammar structures, students are ready to write.

Draft		
STEP 2 C	Complete your essay.	
		-
8		
	draw	ing
	Let me tell you about my ma	onster.
Looks	It is	·
Face	It has	
	s 	:
Body parts	It has	·
Feeling	My monster is	
		nmas
	🗌 Spe	lling





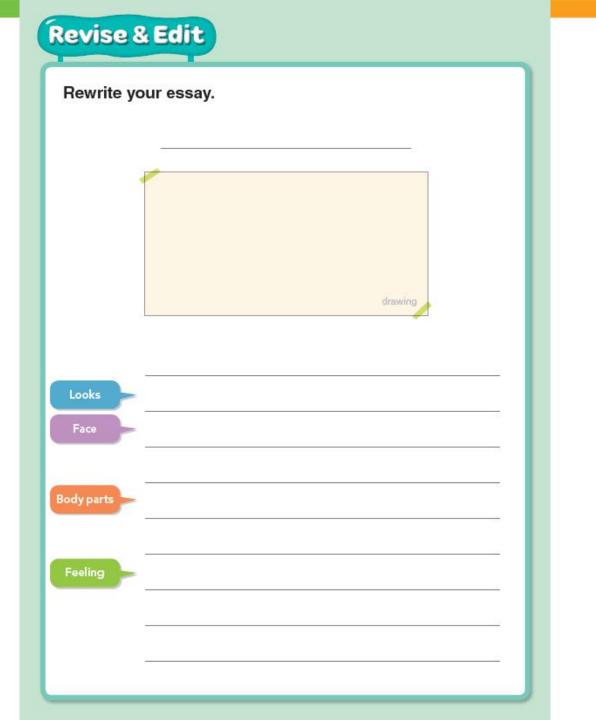
- $\boldsymbol{\upsilon}$ Students get the opportunity to write both with and without scaffolding.
 - Students practice a variety of writing structures and styles to help absorb the rules of good composition.
- Teachers should "lean in" wherever necessary and provide strong "feed forward."
 - teacher should ask leading questions to help guide students in the right direction.
 - Let me tell you about my monster. It is … and … It has …
 - Is your monster tall or short? Is it chubby or thin?
 - It is tall and chubby. It has ... eyes … nose, and … mouths.
 - helps remind students to pay careful attention to spelling and punctuation



In the physical classroom: Pair students up and have them analyze each other's work.

In the online classroom: Give students time to check their own writing using COPS.





Students get one more chance to put together everything they' ve learned.

Teachers get one last chance to give constructive feedback.

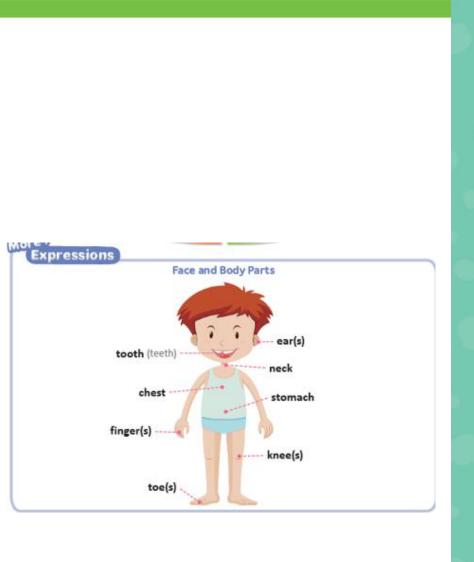


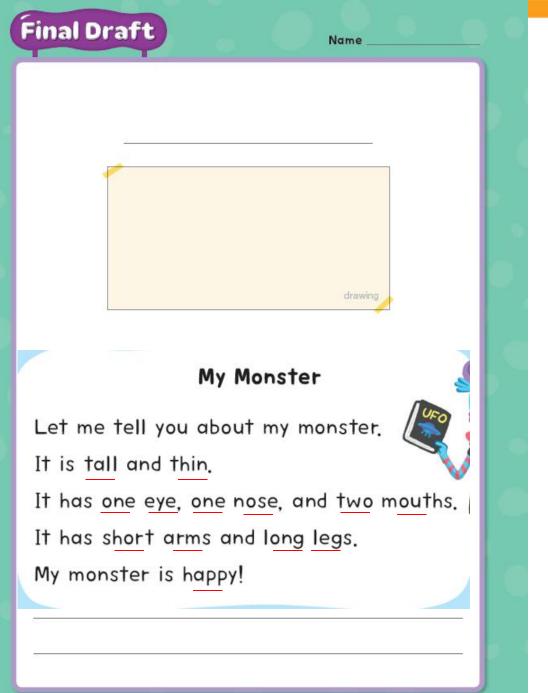




- $\boldsymbol{\upsilon}$ Young writers need an audience.
- Sharing helps students develop the ability to convey information.
- Students get a general sense of what they should improve by seeing and hearing their classmates' writing.
- Teachers and students can make suggestions to help improve the writing.









- 1. What are some problems students face when writing?
- 2. What is the purpose of guided writing?
- 3. Why do students need both good/bad model texts?
- 4. How can teachers help students when they are stuck?
- 5. What should the teacher do at each stage of the writing process?

Write It! Series (2020)



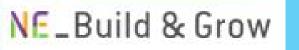
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